

Stringent Control Over Meat Quality and Ensure Adequate Hygiene Management

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- Different types and parts of meat must be handled separately to avoid cross-contamination
- Pay attention to the temperature in working areas and of storage equipment and facilities to slow down bacterial growth
- Ensure good personal and environmental hygiene to safeguard food safety

Adopt the following hygiene practices

- Different types and parts of meat must be handled separately
 - Use separate cutlery, as well as chopping boards, suited for cutting different types of meat, bones and viscera
 - Handle different types of meat separately
 - Clean knives, chopping boards, meat slicers and other utensils or equipment regularly
- Pay attention to the temperature in working areas and of storage equipment and facilities
 - ▶ Handle meat in a meat-handling area maintained at or below 18°C
 - Pay attention to the temperature of equipment used for the display and sale of meat
 - Store fresh meat and chilled meat at a temperature between 0°C and 4°C
 - >> Store frozen meat at -18°C or below
- (3) Ensure good personal and environmental hygien
 - Wash hands correctly before and after handling meat
 - Cover open cuts or wounds with a waterproof bandage properly
 - Clean and sanitise work surfaces, utensils and equipment thoroughly after handling meat
 - ▶ Check the condition of cutlery and meat-cutting equipment at regular intervals and maintain them in good condition. Replace ones with cracks, splits or other damage at once



